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UPPER BANK NURSERIES

MEDÍA, PA.
OFFICE—UPPER BANK NURSERIES
HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS

Upper Bank Nurseries
F. R. Furness
Media, Pa.
HARDY PERENNIALS

ACHILLEA FILIPENDULA. Tall plants with large flat heads of brilliant yellow flowers. June and July. $0.35

ACHILLEA MILLEFOLIUM ROSEUM. Easily grown and very spreading. About 1 ft. high, with rose-pink flowers in profusion. June, July. .25

ACHILLEA PTARMATICA BOULE DE NIEGE. White, 18 inches. Graceful and long blooming and excellent for cutting. July-September. .30

ACHILLEA TOMENTOSA. Spreading mats of low, bright yellow flowers. One of the best rock plants. 6 inches. June. .35

ACHILLEA CERISE QUEEN. A brilliant deep pink. 1 ft. June-July. .25

ACONITUM SPARKS VARIETY. Intensely blue flowers in August and September. Very beautiful, with deeply cut, glossy green leaves. 2-3 ft. .35

ACONITUM WILSONI. Tall, violet-blue flowers. Very late bloomer. .50

AGROSTEMMA ALBA. Low tufts of gray foliage and white flowers that contrast beautifully with the leaves. June-July. 2-3 ft. .30

AGROSTEMMA CORONARIA. Like the above, but with wine-red flowers. .30

AJUGA REPTANS BEST BLUE. Short spikes thickly covered with deep sapphire-blue flowers. Very showy for edging or the front of the border. The finest of all the Ajugas. June. 1 ft. .35

AJUGA REPTANS GENEVENSIS. Soft blue flowers with bronze foliage. .30

AJUGA REPTANS WHITE. The white flowers make a pleasing contrast with the bronze foliage. June. 1 ft. .30

ALTHEA HYBRIDS. Large pink and white flowers in the late summer. Good either for hedging or as single specimens or in shrubberies. .50

ALYSSUM ROSTRATUM. Bright yellow. 1 ft. Free growing plants with fine gray foliage. May-June. .30

ALYSSUM SAXATILE COMPACTUM. Glowing, mustard-yellow. One of the finest rock plants for early spring show. 1 ft. May. .30

AMSONIA TABERNAMENTANA. Star-like steel blue flowers in June. Plants 3 ft. high with willow-like foliage. Excellent in shade. .30
AMPELOPSIS HETEROPHYLLA. Berries of turquoise, purple and jade in the late autumn. One of our most beautiful hardy vines. .50

ANTHEMIS AIZOON. An early and exquisite rock plant. Clear white flowers rising from rosettes of gray leaves. 1 ft. May. .40


ANEMONE PENNSYLVANICA. The native white Anemone. The easiest of all to grow. Excellent for naturalizing in woods or under shrubs. .30

ANCHUSA ITALICA. Tall panicles of azure blue flowers. Very handsome, with Madonna Lilies in the border. June. 4-5 ft. .35

ANTENNARIA RHODANTHA. Neat little geometrically arranged leaves. A pretty ground cover in a rockery. .30

ANTHEMIS TINCTORIA. Masses of lemon-yellow daisy-like flowers with fine aromatic foliage. 3 ft. June-July. Excellent for cutting. .25

AQUILEGIA CHRYSANTHA. Long spurred pale yellow Columbines. This is a tall grower and forms fine big clumps. June. 3-4 ft. .30

COERULEA. Pale blue and white. Very lovely. .30

HYBRIDS. Mixed colors. All of them beautiful shades. .30

OLYMPICA. Lavender and white. Exceptionally beautiful. .30

ROSEA. A long spurred pink variety. An exquisite shade. .30

WHITE. A cream-white that combines well with the others. .30

ARABIS ALPINA. Spreading mats of gray foliage with white flowers. .30

ARABIS MOLLIS. Low clumps of dark green leaves and white flowers that are among the first of the Alpines to bloom. 10 inches. .30

ARENARIA MONTANA. Cup-like white flowers and fine trailing foliage. One of the loveliest rock plants. June. Prostrate. .35

ARMERIA FORMOSA. Little clusters of bright pink flowers rising out of neat grass-like rosettes. 6 inches. May and June. .35

ARTEMESIA ABROTANUM. “Southern Wood.” Finely cut, gray foliage with an aromatic odor. 3-4 ft. Very drought resisting .30

ARTEMESIA SPECIOSA. Feathery grayish-white leaves. Excellent as a foliage plant or for edging. Good all summer. 1 ft. .30
ASPERULA ODORATA. "Sweet Woodruff" aromatic. One of the old fashioned herbs. 3-4 ft. ................................. .30
ASTILBE FILIPENDULA. Bright pink panicles of flowers. 4-5 ft. high. June. ...................................................... .30
ASTER ALPINUS. Large, daisy-like lavender-blue flowers. 3-6 inches. May. ......................................................... .30
ASTER NOVAE ANGLIAE HYBRIDS. Improved varieties of the wild aster. Deep, rich purple. 4-5 ft. September. ............. .30
ASTRANTIA CARNIOLICA. Spreading foliage plant. Finely cut leaves margined with white. 6 inches. Good as a ground cover... .25
AUBRETTIA DELTOIDEA GRANDIFLORA. A low growing rock plant with flowers of amethyst, violet, deep purple, and a rich red. Beautiful with Arabis and Alyssum saxatile. May. 6 inches. ...... .35
AZALEA CALENDULACEA. (Lutea.) The Flame Azalea of the South, ranging from clear yellow to brilliant orange. A very beautiful shrub. 1-2 ft. ......................................................... 2.50
BAMBUSA. Beautiful, tropical foliage plant attaining in rich, moist soil a height of 15-20 ft. Remains fresh and green until Christmas. 1.50
BAMBUSA PALMATA. A dwarf variety of Bamboo. 1-2 ft., with broad leaves. Excellent for waterside planting. Semi-evergreen... 5.00
BAMBUSA VEITCHII. A very broad leaved variety growing, 3-4 ft. high ................................................................. 5.00
BAPTISIA AUSTRALIS. Spkies of blue lupin-like flowers. 3-4 ft. high in May and June, followed in the autumn by interesting black pods. ................................................................. .35
BAPTISIA BETONICA. Wooly gray leaves and pink flowers. 1 ft. June. ................................................................. .35
BEGONIA EVANSIANA. The only hardy Begonia. Excellent in sheltered semi-shady positions where the clear pink flowers make a brilliant spot of color in late August and September. 1 ft. Fine with ferns. ................................................................. .75
BOLTONIA LATISQUAMA. A profusely blooming pink daisy with very finely cut petals. August-September. 3-4 ft. ................. .30
Buddleia variabilis. "Butterfly Bush." Long sprays of very fragrant purple flowers in the late summer. 6-8 ft. Attracts the butterflies. ................................................................. .50
CACTUS, See Opuntia vulgaris.
CALIMERIS INCISA. White daisy-like flowers forming compact, bushy plants. July and August. 2-3 ft. ............................................ .30

CALLIRHOE VERTICILLATA. “Texas Wine Cup.” A creeping member of the Mallow family with brilliant wine-red flowers. Sun loving and very brilliant. August and October. ............ .35

CALLUNA CARNEA. The hardiest of all the Heathers, and the earliest bloomer. Deep pink flowers in March and evergreen foliage. 6 inches. .......................................................... .50

CALLUNA VULGARIS. “Scotch Heather.” Light pink or white flowers in July and August and stiff evergreen foliage. 1 ft. high. .50

CAMPANULA CARPATICA. “Harebell.” Low growing with large, violet-blue, bell-like flowers. Beautiful in the rock garden. 1 ft. .30

CAMPANULA GLOMERATA. Spikes, 3-4 ft. high with clusters of deep purple bells. Very spreading and gives a great deal of color in July and August. .......................................................... .30

CARYOPTERIS MASTACANTHUS. “Blue Spirea.” Flowers of a soft scabiosa blue in the late summer. One of the best blue autumn flowering shrubs. 3-4 ft. Does best with a little shelter. ............ .50

CEPHALARIA ALPINA. Sulphur-yellow Scabiosa-like flowers on tall branching stalks, 5-6 ft. high. Fine for cutting. July-August. And magnificent in the back of the border. ....................... .35

CENTAUREA MONTANA. Perennial Corn Flower. Low growing with large deep blue, fringed flowers. 1 ft. May and June. ............ .30

CERASTIUM TOMENTOSUM. “Snow in Summer.” Very spreading gray-green mats covered with white flowers. Excellent for walls. May. ........................................................................... .30

CENTRANTHUS RUBER. Red Valerian. Flat clusters of coral-red flowers. An excellent and unusual color in the garden. 2 ft. June-August. .......................................................... ....................... .35

CHELIDONIUM MAJUS. The English “Celandines.” Good for naturalizing on the edge of woods. Small yellow flowers and light glaucus foliage that is among the first greens of spring. 3 ft. .... .25

CHIVES. For flavoring salads, etc. The small round clusters of old rose colored flowers are very ornamental. 1-2 ft. June. ............. .25
CHRYSANTHEMUMS. We have the following hardy varieties, at .35 cents each.

Betty. A small bronze button.
Coreanum. Single white, turning pink with age.
Cream pink, double and early.
Double bronze. Hardy and rich coloring.
Double deep red.
Double yellow. Very brilliant coloring, and not too late.
Large double wine-red.
October Gold. A fine yellow one.
Single ox-blood.
Single wine-red.
Small late yellow.
Small pink button.
Small yellow.
Nipponicum. An early single white, like large daisies. .............. .50

CIMICIFUGA RACEMOSA. Excellent shade plant for naturalising in woodlands. Beautiful spikes of cream colored flowers in June. 6-8 ft. high. .......................................................... .30

CELASTRUS SCANDENS. "American Bitter Sweet." A native climber bearing orange berries in the late autumn. Excellent for winter decoration. ....................................................... .35

CLEMATIS DAVIDIANA. Blue bush Clematis. Hyacinth like flowers in July. Fragrant and prefers a sunny, moist, sheltered spot. ..... .35

CONVALLARIA MAJALIS. Lilies of the Valley. Fragrant white flowers forming dense clumps. Will do well in partial shade. 1 ft. .30

CORONILLA VARIA. Coronets of pink and white pea-shaped flowers in June. Very spreading, and excellent in rock work. 1-2 ft. .. .30

COREOPSIS LANCEOLATA. Masses of brilliant yellow flowers. Free and continuous blooming. Excellent for cutting, and for a glowing mid-summer effect in the garden. June and August. 2-3 ft. .25

COREOPSIS ROSEA. A small pink variety of the above. Delicate and interesting. 1-2 ft. June and July. .................. .30

COREOPSIS VERTICILLATA. Smaller than C. Lanceolata with rich yellow flowers contrasting well with the feathery deep green leaves. Of upright growth and not a rampant spreader. 1 ft. June. .... .35

COSTMARY. Old fashioned herb with large aromatic leaves. 2-3 ft. .30
COTONEASTER. Low, spreading shrub with bronzy, almost evergreen leaves. Excellent for crawling up the side of a large rock. 1 ft. .................................................. 1.50

CRUCIANELLA STYLOSA. Small, flat panicles of rosy coral flowers and dense, mat like foliage. Very spreading. 8 inches. June. .30

CYDONIA JAPONICA. Japanese Quince. Scarlet Orange flowers in April. .......................................................... .50

CYTISUS SCOPARIUS. “Scotch Broom.” Very ornamental shrub covered in May and June with deep yellow sweet-pea like flowers. The stems remain green all winter. 5-6 ft. ............................. .50

DAPHNE CNEORUM. Fragrant, shell pink flowers and evergreen foliage. A low growing Alpine unsurpassed for the rock garden. Blooms in June, and again sparsely in September. 1 ft. Needs sun and shelter. .................................................. 1.50

DELPHINIUM BELLADONNA HYBRIDS. Tall spikes of clear blue flowers ranging from light azure to deep cobalt. Blooms in June and again in the autumn, if cut back after blooming. 4-5 ft... .50

DELPHINIUM CHINENSE. A smaller variety of the preceding with delicate flowers of the purest indigo blue. June. ......................... .35

DIANTHUS BARBATUS. The old fashioned Sweet William. One of the easiest flowers to grow. Shell pink, crimson, vermillion, maroon and white. Masses of bloom. May and June. 1-2 ft............. .35

DIANTHUS DELTOIDES. Mats of very fine foliage with deep pink, star-like flowers on 6 inch stems. June and July. ....................... .35

DIANTHUS LACINATUS HYBRIDS. A Chinese variety with flowers of scarlet, apricot, flame, crimson and white. 6 inches. June-July. .30

DIANTHUS PLUMARIS HYBRIDS. The old-fashioned Clove scented Pinks. Colors from white to deep rose with beautiful fringed petals. Very fragrant. 1 ft. June. ......................... .30

DIANTHUS PLUMARIS HELENE. The finest of all the Dianthus hybrids. Deep green foliage with very fragrant clear salmon pink flowers like small carnations. Very free blooming. 1 ft........... .75

DICENTRA EXIMIA. Fernlike, glaucus foliage with sprays of delicate pink flowers. Blooms all summer and does will in shade. 1 ft... .50

DICENTRA SPECTABILIS. “Bleeding Heart.” Very graceful wands of pink heart-shaped flowers in May and June. 2-3 ft. Old fashioned and very desirable. ............................................ .75
DICTAMNUS FRAXINELLA ALBA. “Gas plant.” 3 ft. Stalks of handsome white flowers in May. The older the clumps, the finer they become .......................................................... .50

DICTAMNUS FRAXINELLA RUBRA. A beautiful pink form of the above with dark veins on the petals .......................................................... .50

DIGITALIS HYBRIDS. Pink, white and yellow Fox Gloves. Do well in moist, semishady positions. 3-4 ft. May-June ............................................. .35

DORONICUM EXCELSUM. “Leopards Bane.” Clear yellow, daisy-like flowers. The first of the herbaceous perennials to bloom. April-May. 1 ft.......................................................... .30

DRABA FLADNIZENSIS. A miniature rock plant. Neat little rosettes of green leaves with bright yellow buttercup like flowers in May. A gem for the rock garden. 3-6 inches .......................................................... .35

ECHINACEA PURPUREA. “Tall purple cone flower.” Long, drooping petals of a vinaceous pink surrounding a bronze cone. 3-4 ft .......................................................... .35

EPILOBIUM ANGSTIFOLIUM. Brilliant pink flowers on 3-4 ft. stalks with willow-like leaves. Excellent for naturalising ............................................. .35

EUONYMUS JAPONICUS. Evergreen shrub. The largest leaved Euonymus. The brilliantly green, glossy leaves are particularly fine in winter. 5-6 ft .......................................................... .50

EUONYMUS KEWENSIS. A climbing euonymus with very minute leaves .......................................................... .50

EUONYMUS RADICANS. “Evergreen Bittersweet.” Rich green foliage and clusters of orange berries. Hardy where English Ivy is not .......................................................... .50

EUPATORIUM AGERATOIDES. 1 ft. high with ageratum blue flowers in September. Lovely for cutting with dahlias ............................................. .35

EUPATORIUM PURPUREUM. Tall handsome umbels of old rose colored flowers. July-August. 5-6 ft. A beautiful native ............................................. .35

EUPHORBIA COROLLATA. “Flowering Spurge.” White flowers 2-3 ft. August ...................................................................................... .30

EUPHORBIA CYPARISSIAS. Small yellow flowers, and glaucus foliage. 1 ft. June ...................................................................................... .30

EUPHORBIA EPITHYMOIDES. Brilliant yellow flowers shading to green at the center. Very striking and interesting. 2 ft. April .......................................................... .35
EUPHORBIA MYRSINITES. A beautiful and interesting plant with long stems of glaucus green foliage that trail over the ground like geometrical snakes. Remains green all winter. ................. .40

EUPHORBIA POLYCHROMA. Masses of Chrome yellow flowers in April. ................................................. .35

EUPHORBIA SPECIOSA. A small very fine leaved species. Gray green and fluffy. 10 inches ............................. .30

EUPHORBIA SPECIOSA TALL. “Mole Plant” or “Compass Plant” An interesting symmetrical semi-evergreen foliage plant. 2 ft. ... .35

ERICA VULGARIS. See Calluna vulgaris.

ERIANTHUS RAVENNAE. Fine ornamental grass with flower plumes that can be dried for winter. Closely resembles Pampas Grass. .35

FESTUCA GLAUCOA. Small tufts of grass like foliage of an interesting blue-green color. Very ornamental. 6 inches-1 ft. ................. .40

FORSYTHIA FORTUNEI. Golden Bell. Long sprays of golden-yellow flowers in April. One of the earliest and best shrubs. 5-7 ft...... 1.00

FUNKIA ALBA MARGINATA. Lavender flowers and large plantin-like leaves edged with white. July-August. 2-3 ft. ....................... .35

FUNKIA ARGENTEO VARIAGATA. Light lavender flowers and interesting twisted green and white leaves. July. ...................... .35

FUNKIA COERULEA. The old-fashioned deep purple August Lily. The pendant, bell-like flowers are large and of a beautiful shade... .35

FUNKIA SUBCORDATA GRANDIFLORA. Long tubular white flowers. Extremely fragrant. Large, light green leaves. 2-3 ft. ............... .50

GAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA. Large, daisy-like flowers in brilliant shades of orange, yellow and red. Free and continuous bloomer. June-August. 1-2 ft. ........................................... .30

GERANIUM ALBUM. The white flowering Crane’s Bill. Excellent in shade. ....................................................... .35

GERANIUM IBERICUM. A very fine deep purple form of the above. Rich and brilliant in coloring. July-August. 1-3 ft. ................. .50

GERANIUM PLATYPETALUM. Much like the G. Ibericum but not do deep. ..................................................... .50

GERANIUM PRATENSE. A delicate pale lavender-blue form of the preceding. .................................................. .35
GERANIUM SANGUINEUM. A glowing wine-pink form. Good in semi-shade. .......................................................... .30

GEUM COCCINEUM. Strawberry-like flowers of an intense orange, rising 1 ft. above the clusters of flat leaves. Shade loving. .... .35

GEUM LADY STRATHDENE. A lovely clear yellow form. 1 ft. June-July. .......................................................... .40

GLOBULARIA TRICHOSANTHA. A little rock plant with round, steel-blue flowers, 3 inches above the clumps of foliage. June. ...... .30

GOLDEN GLOW. See Rudbeckia laciniata.

GYPSOPHILA PANICULATA. Sprays of misty white flowers. Lovely for cutting. 2-3 ft. June-July. .................................................. .35

GYPSOPHILA REPENS. A low growing, creeping form of the above for the rock garden. Loves sun and lime. .............................. .35

HEDERA HELIX. English Ivy. A beautiful, evergreen climber. ...... .30

HELIANTHUS SOLEIL D’OR. Hardy Sun Flower. Brilliant yellow and very showy. July-August. 5-6 ft. ............................. .35

HELIOPSIS HELIANTHOIDES PITCHERIANA. Deep golden-yellow flowers about 2 inches in diameter, and very graceful for cutting. 3-4 ft. ................................................................. .35

HESPERIS DWARF WHITE. A fine dwarf form of the common Sweet Rocket. Stays in bounds. A clear white. May-June. ...... .35

HESPERIS MATRIONALIS. The old-fashioned Bouncing Bet. Pink. June. ................................................................. .30

HEUCHERA SANGUINEA. “Coral Bells.” Delicate sprays of bright coral flowers rising out of clumps of semi-evergreen leaves. June... .30

HIERACIUM AURANTIACUM. Little flowers 6 inches high like miniature paint brushes dipped in burnt orange. Spreading but easily controlled where the summers are hot and dry. June-July... .30

HYBISCUS HYBRIDS. Large Pink Mallows. A swamp plant, but grows well in good garden soil. August-September. 3-4 ft. ..... .50

HYSSOPUS OFFICINALIS. The Hyssop of the Psalms. Spikes of deep purple-blue flowers in June. 2 ft. ................................. .35

HEMEROCALLIS AURANTIACA. Deep yellow day-lily. 3-4 ft. ... .35
HEMEROCALLIS AUREOLE. Golden yellow. Early blooming..... .35
DUMORTIERI. Orange yellow. May and June. ................. .35
FLAVA. Lemon yellow, and sweet scented. May.............. .35
FLORHAM. Golden yellow. June-July. ........................ .35
FULVA. Tawny apricot. June-July. ............................ .35
MIDDENDORFI. Deep orange yellow. 2-3 ft. .................. .35
THUNBERGII. Lemon yellow and very fragrant. .............. .35

IBERIS SEMPERVIRENS. Lovely heads of milk-white flowers and
evergreen foliage. June. 1 ft. .................................. .30
INULA HELENIUM. Flowers like large orange rudbeckias. Coarse but
very handsome. July. 5-6 ft. .................................... .35

IRIS, BEARDED VARIETIES. These types prefer well drained, sweet
soil.

ABDUL AZIZ. S. Clouded gold and lilac, F. rich violet-purple
reticulated white. A low growing Iris. .......................... .25
AFTERGLOW. Misty lavender lit with yellow at the center. ....... 1.00
ALCAZAR. S. Dark red violet, F. Lavender. Tall and branching. .35
AMBASSADOR. Magnificent red bronze coloring with darker
falls. One of the very finest Irises. ............................. 1.00
AMBIGU. S. Smoky red, F. reddish brown. Warm, rich color... 1.00
ANNE LESLIE. S. White flushed rose, F. rich carmine with a
yellow beard. ......................................................... 1.00
ARCHEVEQUE. Deep purple violet. Large flowers and very rich
coloring. ................................................................. .50
ARNOLS. S. rosy bronze, F. a rich velvety purple. ................ 1.00
AUREA. Rich chrome yellow. Flowers not large but of a fine
color. ................................................................. .50
AUTOOCRAT. S. clear blue, F. veined with a deeper blue. ...... .50
BARONET. S. clear bright blue, F. deeper blue veined white and
olive at the haft. ..................................................... 1.00
BLACK AND WHITE. S. white, F. white veined a black purple.
Flowers small but color combines well with other Irises. .... .25
BLEU PARFLEUR. White with a heavily frilled border of blue. .25
BRIDE. A small white pumila. Very early. ........................ .25
BRIDESMAID. S White shaded silvery lilac, F. reticulated at the
base and slightly frilled, soft lilac. ............................. .25
B. Y. MORRISON. S. pale lavender violet, F. velvety raisin purple with lavender border. Large and very beautiful. .............. 1.00
CHARMANT. S. palest blue, F. striped dark blue. Lovely with lilacs. .................................................. .25
CIENGLALTI ZEPHYR. S. lavender blue, F. violet blue. ........ .25
CLIO. A delicate pale blue self. Tall and of excellent form. .... .50
COL. CANDELOT. S. smoky copper, F. crimson. A very rich red effect. ............................................. 1.00
CRUCADER. S. light blue, F. deep violet blue. A fine garden effect. ................................................. .25
DANIEL LESSEUR. A slaty blue with yellow veins. Unique coloring. Flowers held well on tall branching stems. ................. 1.50
DARIUS. S. yellow, F. lilac margined white with rich yellow beard. .25
DAWN. Sulphur yellow and bronze veined at the throat. Good for massing and of an unusual coloring. ....................... .50
DIMITY. Pure white with blue veinings on the margins. Tall. .. .75
DRAKE. Clear lavender blue. Like Pallida Dalmatica but freer and earlier. A tall Iris. ...................................... .50
DORA LONGDON. S. lilac suffused yellow, F. rich reddish lilac .75
DORMAN. A rich red purple. ........................................ .50
DOROTHEA. S. pearl gray, F. light blue flecked with darker blue. Very large flowers of medium height and of an interesting color. .50
DR. BERNICE. S. coppery orange, F. velvety crimson. Large flowers. ...................................................... .25
DUSKY MAID. S. buff brown with a lavender sheen, F. velvety, pansy-purple with a buff border. .......................... 1.00
EDOUARD MICHEL. Fine rosy red. Very handsome. .............. .75
E. L. CRANDALL. S. pure white, F. white, heavily veined blue at base. .................................................. .50
EARLY BLUISH WHITE. White flushed with blue. Low growing and very early. One of the first Irises to bloom. ........... .35
EARLY WHITE. Medium sized pure white. Very early. ........... .25
EXCELSA. One of the early dwarfs. Clear yellow with an orange beard. Fine large flowers. .................................. .35
FLAMMENSCHWERT. S. clear yellow, F. deep red. Tall and handsome, much like Fro. but more vivid. ....................... 1.00
FLAVESCENS. A delicate pale primrose yellow. Lights up the darker shaded Irises beautifully. ........................... .25
FLAVESCENS MUNITE. S. chamois yellow, F. primrose-yellow reticulated lavender. Splendid for cutting. ........................................... .25
FLORENTINA. Creamy white. Fragrant and early. ...................... .25
FRO. S. golden yellow edged olive, F. chestnut brown edged yellow. ................................................................. .35
FURSTIN LONYAY. A deep rich lilac red. Much like Ed. Michel. ......................................................... 2.00
GAJUS. S. light, clear yellow, F. crimson veined white and yellow, and narrow yellow border. Medium height. ......................... .15
GENGHIS KHAN. S. clear, pure lavender, F. rich raisin purple. Very outstanding in the garden. ............................... 2.00
GOLD IMPERIAL. The finest yellow. Clear, rich color and fine form. .......................................................... 6.00
GRACCHUS. S. a clear yellow, F. a rich crimson-brown reticulated white. Early. ................................................. .15
GRAY MORN. White with delicate gray and lavender shadings. An unusual coloring. Ineffective in the mass but lovely for cutting. .......................................................... .50
HALFDAN. Pale cream yellow. Of medium height and very early. .25
HER MAJESTY. S. rose pink, F. bright crimson with darker shadings. ............................................................. .35
HIAWATHA. S. pale lavender-flushed rose, F. royal purple-bordered lavender. ......................................................... .35
HONORABILE. A small blue Iris good for massing in the front. .15
INGEBORG. A good medium white and fairly early. .................... .25
INNOCENZA. Ivory-white with light veins of violet at the throat. A lovely Iris and very free blooming. .............................. .35
IROQUOIS. S. smoky lavender, F. very dark maroon, veined white. .25
ISOLENE. S. Silvery lilac, F. purpleish rose with gold throat and orange beard. Large flowers of an unusually beautiful coloring. .35
JACQUESIANA. S. bright coppery crimson, F. rich maroon. One of the best of the older Irises. Distinct and beautiful. .......... .35
JUNIATA. Tall, clear blue, and with fragrant flowers. ................. .35
KHARPUT. S. violet blue, F. velvety dark blue. Tall and fine... .25
KHEDIVE. A fine soft lavender with a distinct orange beard... .25
KNYSNA. S. clear yellow, F. deep brown. More brilliant than Iris King. ........................................................................... .50
KOCHII. Deep velvety purple. The darkest and richest Iris. Early. .......................................................... .25
LA BEAUTE. Small, clear blue flowers held high. Lovely in masses. .......................... .25
LADY HOLLAND. S. cream yellow, F. pink lavender with a wide border of pale yellow. Stands out well in the garden.... .25
LEDA. White shading to pinkish lilac. Particularly good for combining with other Irises. ................................. .35
LENT. A. WILLIAMSON. S. campanula violet, F. rich purple with orange beard. One of the best American Irises. Tall, large and handsome. ........................................... 1.00
LOHENGRIN. Deep violet mauve. Large flowers and a tall grower. ................................................................. .25
LONA. Soft buff sanded with purple and enlivened by a yellow haft and beard. A choice and unusual blend. .................. 5.00
LORD OF JUNE. S. lavender blue, F. rich violet blue. A tall grower and magnificent big flowers. .............................. 1.00
LORELEY. S. light yellow, F. ultramarine bordered with cream... .......................... .25
LURIDA. The only low growing, early deep red Iris. .................. .50
MADAME BOULLET. S. deep cream flecked with brown, F. gray yellow dotted with mauve. An exquisite Iris. ................... 1.00
MADAME CHEREAU. White edged and frilled with azure blue. . .25
MAJOR. S. purple blue, F. dark purple. Large flowers and a strong grower. .......................................................... .25
MANDRALISCAE. Rich lavender purple. Early. .................. .35
MAORI KING. S. pure golden yellow, F. velvety crimson margined gold. ............................................................... .25
MARY GARDEN. S. pale yellow flushed lavender, F. cream white veined and dotted maroon. Beautiful and unusual. Low and late. A very individual Iris......................................................... .35
MEXICAINE. S. pure citron yellow, F. dark maroon. Low growing and very bright. ................................................... .25
MINEHAHA. S. cream white, F. cream white veined maroon. Fragrant. ................................................................. .50
NINE WELLS. S. light violet, F. deep purple violet with white at the throat. Very tall and branching. ............................ .50
MADAME DE SEVIGNE. A handsome tall plicata with heavy violet markings on a white ground. ............................... .50
MOLIERE. S. dark violet, F. darker velvety violet with brown veins. .............................................................. 1.00
| **MONSIGNOR.** S. rich satiny violet, F. velvety purple crimson with lighter margins. Large flowers. | .25 |
| **MRS. NEUBRONNER.** Small very deep golden yellow. One of the best yellows. | .35 |
| **NUEE D'ORAGE.** S. slaty gray, F. bronze purple. Shows better individually than in the mass. | .25 |
| **ORANGE QUEEN.** Small yellow pumila. Very early and pretty. | .35 |
| **PALLIDA DALMATICA.** S. pale lavender blue, F. clear deep lavender. Tall and unsurpassed as to color. One of the oldest and best. | .50 |
| **PARISIANA.** S. white dotted and shaded purple, F. white with frilled lilac edges. | .50 |
| **PASTEL.** Pale lavender flushed and suffused with yellow. A real pastel shade. | .50 |
| **PFAUENAUGE.** S. olive yellow, F. brownish blue. A strong grower. | .25 |
| **POWHATAN.** S. light violet, F. purple-crimson. Large and spreading flowers. | .35 |
| **PROSPER LAUGIER.** S. light bronze red, F. velvety ruby purple with striking yellow beard. Very handsome coloring and always attracts attention. | .35 |
| **PUMILA CYANEA.** Small and early. A clear deep purple. | .35 |
| **PUMILA MEDIUM YELLOW.** Low growing and early. A bright pale yellow. Lovely with the white and blue Pumilas. Suitable for rockeries. May blooming. | .35 |
| **QUAKER LADY.** S. smoke lavender with yellow shadings, F. blue and old gold with a yellow beard. Lovely and very individual colorings. | .35 |
| **QUEEN OF MAY.** A rosy lavender. A little paler than Her Majesty. An excellent pink. | .35 |
| **RED CLOUD.** S. a rosy lavender bronze, F. velvety maroon crimson veined yellow. An unusually red effect. | .50 |
| **ROMEO.** S. lemon yellow, purple, throat streaked maroon and white. | .50 |
| **ROSE UNIQUE.** Rosy lavender. The earliest pink variety. | .35 |
| **RHEIN NIXE.** S. white, F. violet blue with a white edge. A fine bicolor. Tall and very striking in the garden. | .35 |
| **SAMBUHINNA.** S. lilac suffused yellow, F. reddish purple. Deeper than Dora Longdon but not so large. | .25 |
| **SARABAND.** S. Cream buff, flushed delicate pink, F. velvety edged with peach. | 1.00 |
SCHNEEKUPPE. Little white pumila. The best white, but not the earliest. ........................................... 0.35
SHEKINAH. Pale lemon yellow deepening at the center. Tall and very fine. ........................................ 1.00
SHERWIN WRIGHT. Golden yellow. Deeper color than Shekinah but not so tall. A vigorous grower. ............ 0.25
SHREWSBURY. S. rosy bronze, F. violet purple with marked yellow beard. Late and of very striking coloring. 0.25
SOUVENIR DE MADAME GAUDICHAU. Rich, deep, red-purple. Large flowers and magnificent coloring. Stands out well against pale blues. ........................................ 1.50
STEEPWAY. S. fawn pink, F. rosy mauve to opalescent blue. Of the type of Quaker Lady, but more brilliant and outstanding... 2.00
SYPHAX. S. pale violet, F. deep crimson purple. Large flowers of exceedingly good form and fine coloring. ........... 0.75
TAFFETA. S. soft fawn, F. fawn shading to blue. A very delicate and subtle coloring. ................................. 0.35
TALL MAGENTA. A tall and striking magenta-red Iris. ............ 0.35
THORBECK. S. white, F. a rich clear violet blue reticulated white at the base. ........................................ 0.25
VIRGINIA MOORE. A very tall clear yellow. A fine Iris, but not a very sturdy one. ........................................ 1.00
VICTORINE. S. white splashed with dark blue markings, F. deep pansy purple. Very interesting coloring. ..................... 0.25
VIOLACEA GRANDIFLORA. S. rich blue, F. deep violet blue. Tall. .......................................................... 0.25
WALHALLA. Blue Purple, and of medium height .................. 0.25
WHITE KNIGHT. Pure white. The whitest of all the Irises. Very beautiful. .................................................. 0.50
WYOMISSING. S. cream white suffused with rose, F. deep rose shading to a paler border. Best by itself, where it is very lovely. 0.25
ZOUAVE. White slightly tinged lilac. Crinkled and crinkled like crepe paper. Not tall, but exceedingly delicate and lovely.... 0.50

IRIS, BEARDLESS VARIETIES. These types seem to prefer moist, rich soil.

DELAVAYI. Standards deep violet. Falls, with a white patch at the bend, and white markings. July. ..................... 1.00
ENSATA. Gray-blue flowers low down in the tussocks of long leaves that serve well as garden twine. ...................... 1.00
FULVA. A rich terra-cotta. A unique shade in Irises. Native of Louisiana, but hardy in the north. ....................... 1.50
LAEVIGATA. Blue flowers shaded purple. 18 inches, rare. In Japan it is grown in shallow pools. .......................... 3.50
PSEUDACORUS. Brilliant yellow flowers. Grows best in shallow water or on pond edges. 5-6 ft. ................................. .35
SIBERICA BUTTERFLY. Clear porcelain blue. A very lovely Iris of an unusually delicate color. .......................... 1.00
COREAN. A pale perrywinkle blue. Very beautiful. ............... .75
EMPEROR. Finest deep rich violet. 4 ft. ............................. 2.00
GRANDIS. A deep toned Iris of rich coloring. ....................... .35
LACTEA. Small, milk white and very attractive. .................. .35
LADY NORTHCLIFFE. An improved Orientalis. 3 ft. .......... .75
PERRYS BLUE. The truest blue of all the Iris. ..................... 1.50
SKYLARK. Tall sky blue, the falls with narrow edges of white. .75
SNOW QUEEN. Magnificent tall white with yellow hafts... .35
SUNNYBROOK. A beautiful large pale grayish-blue Iris. .... 1.00
TRUE BLUE. A selected form of Orientalis. A fine, delicate blue. .......................................................... 1.50
SPURIA ALBA. A lovely white form from Asia. ..................... .50
VERSICOLOR. The native Iris of the Eastern U. S. Pale blue purple with darker veins. Good for water side plantings. ....... .35
WILSONI. A pale yellow Iris with horizontal falls. .............. 1.50
IRIS CRISTATA. Very dwarf native. Early clear, pale blue flowers, wide and open. One of the most beautiful for the rock garden. .. .50
GRACILIPES. Like Cristata but later, and of a delicate lavender. A very beautiful, orchid-like flower. Stands partial shade. 1.50
IRIS KAEMPFERI HYBRIDS. (Japanese Iris.) The last of the Iris to bloom. Great, flat flowers with drooping petals held high above the foliage. Colors: Ivory white, pale grays, doves, slate blues, pinks, wine reds and deepest royal purples. Prefer a rich, moist soil, and plenty of water before blooming in July. 3-4 ft. ............ .75
JASMINUM NUDIFLORUM. Hardy yellow jasmine. If planted in sheltered corners in March, the sprays of yellow flowers can be cut for the house. Earlier and more delicate than Forsythia. .......... .50
JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA. The native red Cedar. One of our most beautiful evergreen trees. A cypress-like effect can be obtained by shearing. Very effective as an accent in the garden. .............. 1.00
LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS. Perennial sweet pea. Sprays of pink Sweet Pea-like flowers in July. .................................. .40
LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS ALBUS. A white form of the above...... .40
LEPACHYS PINNATA. A western variety of the Black-eyed Susan. Long, twisted, primrose yellow petals, pendant from a central cone. The foliage finely cut. 4-5 ft. Mid-summer. Very graceful. .... 35

LIATRIS PUNCTATA. "Kansas Gay Feather." Flowers are a rich tyrian pink, opening in succeeding tufts up a 4 ft. gracefully curving stem. ........................................ 35

LILAC HYBRIDS. Hybrids of the old fashioned purple lilacs. Strong, healthy plants. ................................................................. 75

LINUM PERENNE. Blue Flax. Feathery blue-green foliage and masses of deep sky-blue flowers. One of the finest blue effects in the garden. 2 ft. June-July. ......................................................... 30

LOBELIA CARDINALIS. Spikes 5-6 ft. high glowing with intense cardinal red flowers. Combined with Aster Roycroft Purple, it makes a bold and gorgeous late summer effect. September. ... 40

LOBELIA SYPHILITICA. A soft lavender blue variety of the preceding. 2 ft. Very late blooming and lovely for naturalizing. ... 30

LYCHNIS CHALCEDONICA. "Soldiers on the Green." Umbels of brilliant orange-scarlet flowers. 2-3 ft. high. June and July. Magnificent as a strong and flame-like note among paler colors. ... 30

LYCHNIS HAAGEANA. A low growing variety of the former. The colors range from a pale creamy pink to a rich jasper red. The flowers are very large and the plants have a trailing habit. ...................... 35

LYSIMACHIA CILIATA. Daisy-like flowers of a rich golden yellow with finely fringed petals. 2 ft. Very spreading and showy. ... 30


LYSIMACHIA PUNCTATA. Brilliant yellow, star-like flowers in the axils of the leaves. Forms a fine close border or little hedge, 3 ft. high, the brilliant gold flowers making a very showy effect. ....... 25

LYTHRUM SALICARIA ROSEUM. Beautiful rosy red flowers on 2-3 ft. stems. July-September. Excellent for the bog garden. .... 35

MALVA MOSCHATA. Giant Marshmallows. Flowers pink, white and carmine. August and September. Make large, handsome clumps in any good garden soil. ............................. 50

MALVA ALCEA. A smaller and more delicate type of Mallow, the pale pink flowers appearing up the stem. Excellent with other perennials. 1-2 ft. June, July. ................................. 35

MATRICARIA. "Feverfew." Quantities of white, button-like flowers throughout the summer. Excellent for cutting. ....................... 30

MELISSA OFFICINALIS. "Lemon Scented Balm." A vigorous growing, old fashioned herb, with very fragrant foliage. Nice in mixed bouquets and finger bowls. Should be in every herb garden.  

MENTHA PIPERITA. Peppermint For sauces and seasoning.  

MEUM ANTHEMANTICUM. Beautiful ornamental foliage, deep green and closely frilled. Button-like yellow flowers. 3 ft. Very spreading.  

MONARDA DIDYMA. "Bergamot." Rich crimson, or purple lake. 2-3 ft. July. The purple lake is beautiful with lavender Funkias and tall white Snake Root, naturalized on the edge of the woods.  

MONARDA FISTULOS. A wild pale lavender variety of the preceding.  

MYOSOTIS PALUSTRIS. "Forget-me-nots." Sprays of small sky-blue flowers with yellow centers. In moist sunny locations they form dense mats of very beautiful color. Lovely for naturalizing along the margins of shallow streams. May-June.  

NEPETA MUSSINI. Aromatic sage-green leaves and lavender flowers. Fine in a rock garden, or as a border, where the foamy gray-green foliage is beautiful all summer. June. 1 ft.  

OENOTHERA FRUTICOSA. Masses of lemon yellow flowers, 18 inches high, in June. A very profuse bloomer and makes a fine showing as it increases rapidly. In winter the flat rosettes of red-bronze leaves are ornamental.  

OENOTHERA LAMARCKIANA. A tall variety with primrose yellow flowers. Considered the finest of all the Oenotheras. June.  

OENOTHERA MISSOURIENSIS. A trailing variety with enormous sulphur yellow flowers, of exquisite texture. The finest flowered variety, and very drought resistant. June-July.  

OPUNTIA VULGARIS. Cactus. Recumbent, fat, green leaves covered with spines, and large sulphur yellow flowers followed by interesting red fruits. Excellent in the rockery or for hot, parched locations.  

PACHYSANDRA TERMINALIS. A beautiful evergreen ground cover that stands shade well. Particularly handsome in the winter. 6 inches.  

PARDANTHUS CHINENSIS. Chinese Blackberry Lily. Iris-like foliage with small, star-shaped orange flowers flecked with black, on tall slender stems. Likes warm, dry ground. July-August. 3 ft.
PAPAVER ALTAIACA. A delicate apricot-orange poppy that blooms all summer. Increases rapidly and soon establishes itself in the garden. 1 ft. and of very delicate growth. ...................... .30

PAPAVER MONGOLICA. A small pure yellow poppy from the Khan Su Pass in Mongolia. Very free blooming and rare. Forms a beautiful bit of mid-summer color in the rock garden. June-September. 6 inches. ................................. .75

PAPAVER ORIENTALE FLANDERS FIELD. Very large and brilliant orange. Like glowing flames. Particularly beautiful planted by themselves in front of evergreens. 4 ft. June .................. .50

PAPAVER ORIENTALE MRS. PERRY. An exquisite variety of the preceding. Very large flowers of a light strawberry pink with splashes of black at the base of the petals. Beautiful in the border. 1.00

PENTSTEMON BARBATUS TORREYI. Tall wands hung with drooping, tubular, coral-red flowers. June-July. A very graceful and beautiful perennial. 3-4 ft. ................................. .35

PENTSTEMON CORAL GEM. The same as the preceding, but a little more of a coral pink. ................................. .35

PENTSTEMON HIRSUTUS. Strong spikes of white snapdragon-like flowers. 3-4 ft. A good native, and looks well with other flowers. June-July. ................................. .25

PENTSTEMON RED PURPLE. A rich carmine purple. Of compact growth, almost bushy habit, and long blooming period. 3 ft. July-September. ................................. .35

PERILLA OCYMOIDES CRISPA. Rich red-bronze foliage. Interesting as a ground cover under trees where grass will not grow. ........ .15

PLATYCODON AUTUMNALE. Fine, free flowering perennial with large violet-blue, bell shaped flowers on 3 ft. stalks. June-July. ........ .35

PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORA COERULEA. A large, very fine blue-purple variety. Comes at a time when there is a dearth of bloom. ......................................................... .35

PLATYCODON MARIESI. A dwarf variety with gentian-violet flowers. Good for the front of the border. July-August. .................. .35

PLUMBAGO LARPENTAE. A low spreading rock plant. Unexcelled for a late indigo blue effect in the rock garden. 1 ft. August-September. ................................. .30

PHLOMIS TUBEROSEA. Whorls of delicate pink flowers up the tall stems. The plants make a stiff, handsome growth of 5-6 ft. June-July. ................................. .35
PHLOX DIVARICATE ALBA. Low growing ivory white phlox. May. 10 inches. .......................................................... .35

PHLOX DIVARICATA CANADENSIS. Low growing and of a luminous perrywinkle blue. Very lovely with tulips. Will stand shade. May. 10 inches. .......................................................... .35

PHLOX DECUSSATA BEACON. Brilliant cherry red. A fine color. 2-3 ft. June. .......................................................... .35

ELIZABETH CAMPBELL. A clear salmon with pale pink center. Large flowers. 2-3 ft. June. .......................................................... .35

HYBRIDS. Colors ranging from milk white through pinks, salvmons, cherrys and deep carmines. June-July. .......................... .35

PHLOX SUBULATA ALBA. A creeping phlox making bristly mats of dark, almost evergreen foliage and pure white flowers. For the rockery. .......................................................... .30

PHLOX SUBULATA ATROPURPUREA. A brilliant lavender pink variety of the above. The both bloom in May. 6 inches. ........ .30

PHLOX SUBULATA G. F. WILSON. A pale wisteria blue variety. One of the most beautiful native plants. Forms large mats of exquisite color. and should be in every rock garden. 6 inches. May. .30

PHLOX SUBULATA THE BRIDE. A white variety with a deep carmine center. .......................................................... .30

POLEMONIUM HUMILE. (RICHARDSONI). Finely cut foliage and pale blue bell-like flowers. One of the first spring flowers. 1-2 ft. .......................................................... .35

POLEMONIUM REPTANS. A dwarf, compact form of the above. Prefers moist soil and semi-shade. 1 ft. May. ...................... .35

POTENTILLA MISS WILMOTT. Strawberry-like foliage and flowers of a brilliant salmon pink. A good rock plant but likes plenty of room. 1 ft. June-July. .......................................................... .50

POTENTILLA Verna NANA. An excellent, compact dwarf variety. Flowers like little yellow buttercups covering the neat tufts of foliage. Blooms off and on all summer. An excellent Alpine. .......................... .35

PRIMULA JAPONICA. Whorls of white flowers flushed with pink that open one after the other up the central stalk. A tall and very showy primrose. 18 inches. June. .......................... .50

PRIMULA POLyanTHUS. Low growing primulas. Flowers in cream, buff, bronze and ox blood, rising out of rosettes of large green leaves. May. 10 inches. .......................................................... .35

PRUNELLA APIIFOLIA. Large “Self-Heal.” Bright purple flowers in dense, short spikes. July. 10 inches. .......................... .35
PULMONARIA ANGUSTIFOLIA AZUREA. Sprays of sapphire blue flowers-like miniature Mertensias. Shade loving and early blooming. 1-2 ft. ................................................................. .50

PULMONARIA SACCHARATA PICTA. The flowers of this variety are of a paler blue but the foliage, splashed with white, is very beautiful all summer, particularly in shady corners. 1 ft. ............... .50

PYRETHRUM HYBRIDUM. Slender, daisy-like flowers. Some single, some double, ranging from pure white to a clear pink, June. 1-2 ft. .35

PYRETHRUM HYBRIDUM ROSEUM. The only really pink daisy. The flowers range from deep rose pink to tyrian rose with beautiful yellow centers. They come with the Iris and give the necessary touch of pink. 1-2 ft. June......................................................... .35

PHYSOSTEGIA VIRGINICA. "False Dragon Head." Snap dragon-like flowers of an almost translucent rose, in 3 ft. spikes. June-July. ............................................................... .35

PHYSOSTEGIA VIRGINICA ALBA. A white form of the above. Very beautiful as a cut flower. 2-3 ft. June-July................... .35

ROBINIA VISCOSA. "Rose Acacia." A shrub or small tree with pendant, wisteria-like flowers of a soft rose pink. Particularly beautiful grown as a standard above blue Iris. May-June. 8-10 ft. 2.50

ROSEMARINUS OFFICINALIS. Old rose colored flowers and fragrant, creeping foliage. Likes warm, sunny banks. 1 ft. July-August. .30

RUDBECKIA MAXIMA. Bright yellow flowers with a tall cone in the center and rosettes of glaucus green leaves. July. 4 ft.............. .35

RUDBECKIA LACINIATA. "Golden Glow." A brilliant and stately plant. Profusion of yellow flowers, in July and August. 5-6 ft... .25

RUDBECKIA NEWMANNI. "Black-Eyed Susan." Brilliant orange yellow petals surrounding a smooth black cone. Beautiful in late summer and easy to grow. 2-3 ft. ................................................... .30

RUDBECKIA PURPUREA. "Purple Cone Flower." The petals of a soft jasper pink and the cone, large and bronze. 4-5 ft. July and August. ................................................................. .35

RUTA GRAVEOLENS. The old-fashioned Rue. Finely cut, aromatic leaves. ................................................................. .30

SALVIA AZUREA. Clear sky-blue flowers on gracefully bending 4-ft. stems, unequalled for a fine, late blue effect in the border. August. .35

SALVIA ATROAZUREA. A little later variety, not so tall and of a real sapphire blue. 3-4 ft. August-September. ................. .35
SALVIA FARINACEA. Very free flowering, lavender blue. The stems as well as the flowers are blue and can be dried for winter decoration. 3-4 ft. August until frost. .......................................................... 35

SALVIA OFFICINALIS. The herb Sage. Lavender flowers and aromatic leaves used in seasoning. An ornamental garden plant as well. 3-4 ft. .......................................................... 35

SALVIA TURKESTANICA. Tall stalks of silvery-lavender flowers and large hairy leaves. Fine for the back of the border. 4-5 ft. June. .......................................................... 35

SALVIA VIRGATA NEMOROSA. Spikes of vivid purple flowers with reddish bracts that remain beautiful after the flowers are done. In a mass this is one of the most beautiful and showy plants in the garden. 3-4 ft. July-August. .......................................................... 50

SANTOLINA INCANA. "Lavender Cotton." Silvery green foliage, forming stiff little bushes. Lovely in a rock garden. .......................................................... 35

SAPONARIA OCYMOIDES. "Pink-eyed soapwort." The plants are literally starred with myriads of little round pink flowers with scalloped edges. A real rock plant. May. 10 inches. .......................................................... 35

SAPONARIA OCYMOIDES ALBA. A white form of the above and equally lovely. .......................................................... 35

SAPONARIA OFFICINALIS. Double "Bouncing Bet." Pink and white flowers. Very spreading and excellent for naturalizing. 1-2 ft. June. .......................................................... 25

SATUREIA ALPINA. Wooly gray foliage and pink flowers. 1 ft. June-July. .......................................................... 35

SAXIFRAGA MEGACEA. Very large, bronze leaves and compact stalks of begonia pink flowers in April. One of the first of the Alpines. 1-2 ft. .......................................................... 50

SCABIOSA CAUCASICA. A beautiful perennial Scabiosa. Sulphur yellow flowers beginning in July and continuing until frost. 1-2 ft. .......................................................... 35

SCABIOSA CAUCASICA BLUE. Large lavender blue flowers. Exceptionally beautiful. 1-2 ft. Aug. until frost. .......................................................... 35

SCUTELLARIA BAICALENSIS. Trumpet-like flowers of a strong violet blue. Best grown in a mass. 1 ft. June-July. .......................................................... 35

SEDUM ACRE. Low, mat-like ground cover for rockeries. Flowers yellow, foliage bright green and spreading. 3 inches. .......................................................... 30

ALBUM. Small leaves and little star-like white flowers. .......................................................... 30

ANACAMPseros. Circular leaves up the branching stems. Red in winter. .......................................................... 30
ARBOREUM. A tall growing variety of the smaller type. Blue green foliage. ...........................................  .30
COCCINEUM. Very low growing and with red foliage. ......  .30
DIVERGENS. Native of the Northwest. Bronze leaves and yellow flowers. ...........................................  .30
EWERSI. Interesting type. Round leaves up loose, branching stems. ...........................................  .30
FABRIA. Tall, with white variegations on the leaves. 1-2 ft.  .30
IBERICUM. Medium-sized leaves that turn very red in winter.  .30
JAPONICUM MACROPHYLLUM. Tall with large leaves and yellow flowers. 1 ft. .................................  .35
KAMTSCHATICUM. Of compact star-shaped growth. Yellow flowers in late summer. Turns very red in winter.  .35
LYDIUM. Very tiny and forms pretty little tufts. Leaves very green but take on lovely orange and coppery shades in winter.  .35
PINK. Fairly large foliage and fine rose colored flowers. ......  .30
PULCHELLUM. One of the most beautiful of the small ones. Foliage intensely green and flowers like pink Star Fish. ..........  .30
REFLEXUM. A glaucus green, low growing variety. Turns a lovely shade of lavender in the winter. ....................  .30
REFLEXUM CRISTATUM. Like little miniature green Cox Combs. Rare. ...........................................  .40
SEDUM RUPESTRE MINOR. One of the finest. Foliage grayish purple, flowers yellow. Turns a beautiful rosy purple in winter. ...........................................  .35
SEIBOLDI. The finest of all. Whorls of gray leaves edged with pink and in October clusters of La France pink flowers. Trailing but makes fine clumps and gives the last bit of brilliant color to the Rock Garden. ...........................................  .50
SEXANGULARE. Very dark green and compact. Geometrical foliage. Forms fine masses. .................................  .30
STOLONIFERUM COCCINEUM. Very showy crimson flowers and bronze leaves. ...........................................  .30
SPATHULIFOLIUM. Of an open growth with large leaves and wide heads of golden yellow flowers. ....................  .30
SPECIOSUM MAINE. Loose growing variety with beautiful glaucus foliage. Like Arboreum but smaller and sturdier. . .  .30
SPECTABILE BRILLIANT. One of the tall Sedums. Flat panicles of rich carmine flowers in September. Forms large clumps. 2 ft. ...........................................  .35
SPUREUM. Thin, broad leaves that take on bronzy tints in winter. ............................................. .30
WHITE. A creeping sedum with large leaves and white flowers. .30
YELLOW. Like the above but with gold flowers and bronze anthers. ............................................ .30

SEMPERVIVUM FIMBRIATUM. Small green rosettes from every point of which run cobweb-like threads. Delicate and very interesting. ................................................................. .35

SEMPERVIVUM GLOBIFERUM. A very round variety. Compact and of a very light green. The young plants roll off the leaves of the parent and take root. Small. ............................................. .15


SHASTA DAISY. Very large, fine white daisies. 3 ft. July-Aug. Splendid for cutting and make a magnificent show in the border. .35

SILENE SHAFTA. Brilliant pink flowers rising out of Dianthus-like foliage. Good for edging or for the front of the border, or in rock gardens. 1 ft. June-July. ............................................. .35

SPIREA ASTILBE. Plume-like flowers shading from cream to pink. 2-3 ft. In rich moist soil they form large clumps and the finely cut foliage is beautiful all summer. Will stand partial shade. July. .50

SPIREA FILIPENDULA. Sprays of fluffy, cream colored flowers on slender stems, rising out of fern-like foliage. 1-2 ft. June. ..... .35

SPIREA TALL. A tall growing variety, like the Astilbes but with flatter flower heads. Best in the back of the border. 5-6 ft. June. ..... .35

STACHYS BETONICA. Low growing, gray, wooly leaves and watermelon pink flowers. 1 ft. June-July. ................................. .30

STACHYS GRANDIFLORA SUPERBA. Whorls of pale shrimp pink flowers on stiff stems. 1-2 ft. high. June-July. ................................. .35

STATICE LATIFOLIA. Foamy masses of minute lavender flowers that are effective dried for winter decoration. 1-2 ft. July. ..... .35

STOKESIA CYANE A. Flowers of an exquisite, light violet-blue like large China Asters. Low growing and drought resistant. One of the most beautiful late flowers in the garden. 1 ft. August to frost. ................................. .35
| **SYRINGA VULGARIS.** Old-fashioned purple lilacs. Nice bushes. | .50 |
| **SISYRINCHIUM ANGUSTIFOLIUM.** Blue-Eyed Grass. Slender foliage and star-like flowers of pure, sky-blue with a yellow eye. 1 ft. June. Lovely to look down upon, when a mass of them are open in the morning. | .35 |
| **TANACETUM VULGARE.** Old-fashioned Tansy. Finely cut aromatic leaves and masses of button-like, yellow flowers. July-Aug. | .30 |
| **TARRAGON.** Should be in every herb garden. Leaves delicious either as a seasoning or as a flavoring for vinegar. | .30 |
| **TEUCRIUM CANADENSE.** Small leaves of a rich green with little lavender pink flowers. The bushy little plants stay green all winter. | .35 |
| **THALICTRUM ADIANTIFOLIUM.** Rue. Foliage like a Maidenhair Fern. | .35 |
| **THALICTRUM ATROPURPUREUM.** Tall pink Rue. One of the most beautiful perennials. Fluffy, light pink balls on tall stems. | .35 |
| **THALICTRUM FLAVUM.** An even taller and larger, citron yellow variety. Lovely against the glaucus, columbine-like leaves. | .35 |
| **THALICTRUM ORIENTALIS.** An Ivory white variety. The same height and season as T. Atropurpureum and beautiful with it. | .35 |
| **THALICTRUM POLYGAMUM.** Wild native Meadow Rue. A magnificent plant. 6-7 ft. high, in rich, moist soil. The great foamy panicles of cream colored flowers are very beautiful in August. | .40 |
| **THERMOPSIS CAROLINIANUM.** One of our handsomest native plants. Spikes of lemon yellow flowers, like great lupins on 5-6 ft. stems. | .35 |
| **THYMUS CITRIODORUS.** Lemon scented thyme. Small red-pink flowers and fragrant leaves. Should be in every rock garden. | .35 |
| **THYMUS LANGUINOSA.** Wooly Thyme. Close, almost moss-like mats of wooly, gray leaves. | .35 |
| **THYMUS SERPYLLUM.** Small leaves and crimson flowers. A lovely plant for low mats in the rockery. | .35 |
| **THYMUS VULGARIS.** The herb Thyme. Aromatic and excellent for flavoring. | .35 |
TIARELLA CORDIFOLIA. Foam Flower. A beautiful ground cover under trees or in the woods. In early spring it is covered with little spires of white bloom. 8-10 inches. ...................... .30

TRADESCANTIA VIRGINICA. 3 Petaled, rich, purple flowers that naturalize easily and make a spot of strong and brilliant color in the wild garden. 1-2 ft. June-July. ........................... .30

TRADESCANTIA VIRGINICA ALBA. A lovely, white variety of the above. .............................................................. .35

TRADESCANTIA VIRGINICA “BARTRAM.” Originally from Bartram’s Gardens. Tall, upright growing with lavender flowers that remain open all day. 2-3 ft. July-August. The finest Tradescantia. .40

TRADESCANTIA VIRGINICA COCCINEA. A deep red purple variety of T. Virginica. 1-2 ft. July-August. .............................. .35

TRITOMA HYBRIDS. “Torch Lilies.” Tall stalks, hung at their tops with recurved, pendant, tubular flowers shading from lemon yellow to flame orange. A very strong and brilliant note in the garden. The earliest begin to bloom in June and continue until October. 3-4 ft. ......................................................... .35

TUNICA SAXIFRAGA. Resembles a delicate pink Gypsophila. Fine, almost grassy foliage that forms large mats, above which the flowers float, like a pink mist. Gives soft, late color to the rock garden. 1 ft. July-August. .............................. .35

VALERIANA ALBA. Panicles of small white flowers and glossy green leaves. Lovely for cutting and a very continuous bloomer. 1-2 ft. July-September. ......................................................... .35

VALERIANA COCCINEA. A beautiful rose-coral form of the above. An uncommon shade in the garden and one that commands admiration. ................................................................. .35

VALERIANA OFFICINALIS. Garden Heliotrope. Clusters of deliciously fragrant, cream colored flowers on tall stems. 3-4 ft. June. .35

VALERIANA RUBRA. See Valeriana coccinea.

VERBENA ERINOIDES. Makes a beautiful showing in the late summer and early autumn with fine dark foliage and masses of brilliant purple flowers. 1 ft. ......................................................... .40

VERONICA ALLIONI. The most intense, sapphire blue of all the Veronicas. Invaluable for the rock garden. 4 inches. Early May. .35

VERONICA REPENS. In sunny locations this quickly forms spreading mats which in May and June are covered with brilliant indigo blue flowers with just a shade of pink in them. A warm brilliant blue. 6 inches. ......................................................... .30
VERONICA REPENS LIGHT BLUE. A delicate, pale blue form of the above. Gives a little scattered bloom in the autumn. 3 inches. May. ................................................................. .30

VERONICA REPENS LIGHT PINK. A clear, light pink form of the above. Lovely grown together. Both of delicate, pastel shades. 3 inches. May. ................................................................. .30

VERONICA ROSEA. A taller and later variety. Spikes, 1-ft. tall, covered with small brilliant pink flowers. Excellent for mid-summer color. July-August. ................................................... .35

VERONICA SUBSESSILIS. Nodding spikes of soft blue flowers with low growing gray foliage. A fine blue flower for the front of the border. 1-2 ft. July-August. ................................................... .35

VICETOXICUM JAPONICUM. Japanese Mosquito Plant. Said to trap mosquitoes by its sticky juice. Cream colored flowers and interesting pods. 1 ft. ................................................................. .35

VINCA ALBA. An ivory white perywinkle. Lovely with the blue or red. ................................................................................................................................. .35

VINCA ALPINA. Perywinkle with wine red flowers. June-July. .... .35

VINCA MINOR. Violet blue flowers and trailing, evergreen foliage. Lovely as a ground cover under Tulips. May. .......................... ................................................................. .25

VIOLA ALBA. Pure white violet. Very lovely. .............................. .30

VIOLA BLANDA. The wild cream colored violet. Naturalizes easily and grows well under trees. April-May. .......................... ................................................................. .30

VIOLA CORNUTA ALBA. Extra large, milk-white violet. Beautiful and showy. ................................................................................................................................. .30

VIOLA PEDATA BICOLOR. The most beautiful Violet. The 2 upper petals pale violet-blue, the lower ones a rich velvety purple. Flowers large and leaves very finely cut. Likes acid soil, sun and sand. June. ................................................................. .40

VIOLA PUBESCENT. Wild yellow Violet. Fine for the Wild Garden. The blossoms are branching up the stalk. 10 inches. May. .......................... ................................................................. .30

VIOLA PAPILIONACEA. The “Confederate Violet.” Pale blue and white flowers in large spreading clumps. Lovely in moist ground in front of Ferns. June. 10 inches. ................................................................. .35

VIOLA TRICOLOR. The old fashioned Johnny-Jump-Up. Small pansy-like flowers that bloom profusely, even on mild days in December. A rampant spreader, but if kept in bounds, very lovely in the rock garden or growing in the chinks beside stone steps. 1 ft. Flowers, yellow, bronze, blue and mostly deep, velvety purple. ... .25
WALL FLOWERS. The fragrant English Wall Flowers. Yellow, bronze and deep red. June. 1-2 ft. ......................... .30

YUCCA FILAMENTOSA. Clumps of bristling, evergreen foliage and tall spikes of creamy, bell-shaped flowers. Beautiful by themselves or planted at the foot of Cedars or combined with Orange Asclepias and Cactus. 4-6 ft. June. A fine and majestic plant. .35

Many other plants than those listed above (though in quantities too small to warrant cataloguing) are grown at the Upper Bank Nurseries.

The Nurseries are conveniently located at Media, Pa., 15 miles from Philadelphia.

Visitors are always welcome.

F. R. FURNESS, Prop. Bell Phone, Media 679.